

### ENVIRONMENTAL BULLETIN OF KEFALLINIA "ANNA POLLATOU" AIRPORT (EFL)

Reference year 2020

Fraport Regional Airports of Greece A S.A.

**July 2021** 



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### 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1. Location

Kefallinia Airport "Anna Pollatou" (EFL) is located in the south part of the island of Kefallinia, south to Argostoli town, at a road distance of approximately 8 km from the center of the town. The airport's area is approximately 202 acres.

### 1.2. Administration

The Airport administratively belongs to the Municipal Unit of Argostoli of the Municipality of Kefallinia, in the Regional Unit of Kefallinia, Region of Ionion Islands, the seat of which is in Corfu.

### 1.3. Environmental licensing

Approved Environmental Terms		
E.T. Decision Reference number	32647/09.05.1995	
E.T. Amendment Decision Reference Number	106586/08.08.2006	
	24341/19.05.2017	
	39772/26.09.2017	
	36368/20.12.2017	
	85360/3423/07.03.2019	

### 1.4. Airport Basic Data

Airport name IATA / ICAO	EFL / LGKF	
Airport location – Airport Reference Point (ARP)	Latitude: 38° 07' 12" N Longitude: 20° 30' 01" E	
Altitude	18m	
Number of runways	1	
Operation hours (summer)	Monday-Wednesday & Friday-Sunday 08:00 – 23:00 Thursday 06:00 – 22:30	
Operation hours (winter)	Monday 10:00 – 14:00 Tuesday CLOSED Wednesday 10:00 – 16:30 Thursday/Saturday 09:00 – 17:30 Friday 11:00 – 16:30 Sunday 14:00 – 18:00	

Runways	Length/Width		Code		
Runway	2,436m x 45 m 14/32		/32		
Full length of parallel taxiway	N/A				
Number of taxiways	2				
	А	В	С	D	E
Apron capacity	-	-	2	1 (MARS)	-



Employees	High season (31.08.2020)	Low season (30.11.2020)	
Fraport Greece (FG) employees	21	21	
Employees of other companies	307	204	

Terminal			
> Total area (m²)	10,070		

Other buildings and service/storage areas	
➤ RFF Station (m²)	1,236

Parking Areas	
Car parking spaces	130
Bus parking spaces	20
Taxi parking spaces	30

### 1.5. Airport facilities

### 1.5.1. Fuel Handlers

Number of fuel handler companies	
Number of fuel handler companies operating at the Airport	2

Installations inside the airport	EKO	GISSCO	HAFCO
Environmental Management System (EMS)	YES	YES	Not operating at the airport

### 1.5.2. Ground Handlers

Number of ground handler companies	
Number of ground handler companies operating at the Airport	3

Installations inside the airport	SKYSERV	SWISSPORT	GOLDAIR
Vehicles (total number)	14	14	13
Environmental Management System (EMS)	YES	YES	YES



### 2. TRAFFIC DATA STATISTICS

### 2.1. Annual Traffic Data

Annual Traffic Data for the year 2020	
Overall Annual Air Traffic Movements <sup>1</sup>	3,184
Percent of increase or decrease in relation to the previous year	-56.7%
Annual passenger traffic	192,477
Percent of increase or decrease in relation to the previous year	-75.1%
Annual cargo transferred (tn)	2.2
Percent of increase or decrease in relation to the previous year	404.6%

Aircraft types			
Prevailing aircraft types for domestic flights			
Aircraft type	No. of flights		
AT45	522		
DH8D	388		
AT75	198		
AT72	98		
AT46	86		
GALX	21		
C72R	17		
EC55	17		
A320	16		
GLEX	12		
Other	163		
Prevailing aircraft types for international flights			
Aircraft type	No. of flights		
B73H	410		
B738	285		
A32A	164		
A320	138		
A20N	82		
A321	40		
C56X	39		
GLEX	34		
A319	32		
GLF6	27		
Other	395		

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Military and training flights not included.



### 2.2. High season traffic data

High season traffic data (June-September)		
Highest traffic month	August	
Air traffic movements during the month with highest traffic	991	
Air traffic movements daily average number during the month with highest traffic	32	

### 2.3. Low season traffic data

Low season traffic data (October-May)	
Lowest traffic month	April
Air traffic movements during the month with lowest traffic	66
Air traffic movements daily average number during the month with lowest traffic	2



### 3. AIRCRAFT NOISE

### 3.1. Noise measurements during the reference year

Have noise measurements at the airport's surrounding area been performed during the reference year?			
Measurement points			
N/A			
Measurement points coordinates Measurement points description		1	
1) Position: N/A	N/A		
2) Position: N/A	N/A		
3) Position: N/A	N/A		
Measurement period	surement period N/A		
Noise indicators	N/A		

### **Summary of measurement results:**

\*Fraport Greece, during the years 2018-2019, has implemented a noise & air pollution monitoring program, according to the Approved Environmental Terms of the airport. The monitoring program included the implementation of special simulation tools in combination with confirmation measurements, of air pollution and noise, in representative positions around the airport. At the end of the two year period of the program in April 2020, in implementation of the Environmental Terms, a Technical Evaluation Report was submitted to the Directorate for Climate Change and Air Pollution of the Ministry for Environment & Energy, with proposals for the most suitable in terms of effectiveness, air pollution & noise monitoring program for the years ahead (ref. number 39833/833/29.4.2020).

Given the situation with the COVID-19 pandemic and the subsequent dramatic decrease of the airport traffic no noise measurements were performed during the peak period of the reference year and the competent Ministry for Environment & Energy was informed accordingly.

### 3.2. Noise levels calculation based on noise simulation software

Aircraft noise levels calculation based on noise simulation software		
Software used:N/A		
Noise indicators and respective contours calculation: N/A		
Noise contours: N/A		

### Summary of results:

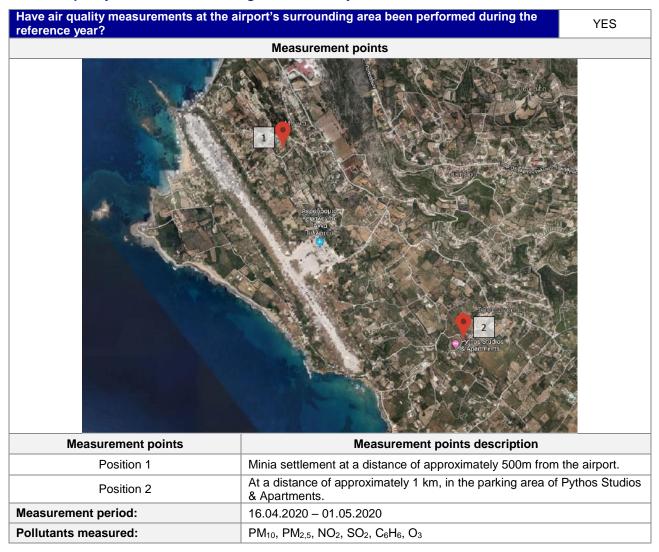
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Given the situation with the COVID-19 pandemic and the subsequent dramatic decrease of the airport traffic no noise software simulation was performed during the peak period of the reference year and the competent Ministry for Environment & Energy was informed accordingly.



### 4. AIR QUALITY

### 4.1. Air quality measurements during the reference year



### **Summary of measurement results:**

Air quality is monitored according to the airport's monitoring program.

No exceedance of the air quality limits was observed.



### 4.2. Air pollutants emission and dispersion modelling

Calculation of air pollutants concentrations based on an emission and dispersion modelling software			
Software used: N/A			
Pollutants concentrations and respective contours calculation: N/A			
PM <sub>10</sub>	N/A		
NOx	N/A		
SOx	N/A		
Benzene (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> )	N/A		

### **Summary of results:**

\*Fraport Greece, during the years 2018-2019, has implemented a noise & air pollution monitoring program, according to the Approved Environmental Terms of the airport. The monitoring program included the implementation of special simulation tools in combination with confirmation measurements, of air pollution and noise, in representative positions around the airport. At the end of the two year period of the program in April 2020, in implementation of the Environmental Terms, a Technical Evaluation Report was submitted to the Directorate for Climate Change and Air Pollution of the Ministry for Environment & Energy, with proposals for the most suitable in terms of effectiveness, air pollution & noise monitoring program for the years ahead (ref. number 39833/833/29.4.2020).

Given the situation with the COVID-19 pandemic and the subsequent dramatic decrease of the airport traffic no air pollution software simulation was performed during the peak period of the reference year and the competent Ministry for Environment & Energy was informed accordingly.



### 5. WASTE MANAGEMENT

Waste	Collection	Management/Disposal
Recyclables (paper, plastic, metals, glass)	Separate collection by Kefallinia solid waste management body (EDAKI AE OTA)	Transport to Kefallinia landfill and transshipment for recycling
Residues (Mixed Waste) and Bulky Waste	Collection by Kefallinia solid waste management body (EDAKI AE OTA)	Disposal at mechanical recycling- composting facility of Kefallinia or Kefallinia landfill for material recovery or final disposal respectively.

### Notes:

- 1. Regarding the different categories of the MSW (recyclables, mixed waste, bulky waste), the Airport Users handle their waste together with Fraport Greece A in most cases (central management), while in a few other cases they handled them autonomously. The implementation of a fully central system by Fraport Greece A is expected.
- 2. Regarding the "alternative management' waste categories (Waste lubricant oil WLO, WEEE, etc.):
  - i. Waste Lubricant Oil (WLO): Collection and management by authorized collector "CYTOP S.A."
  - ii. Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE): Collection and management by alternative management system "Appliances Recycling S.A."
  - iii. Accumulators: Collection and management by alternative management system "Re-Battery S.A."
  - iv. Small batteries: Collection and management by alternative management system "AFIS S.A."
  - v. Used tires: Collection and management by alternative management system "ECOELASTIKA S.A."
- 3. The total quantities of the hazardous waste further to the above-mentioned and produced at the airport, are managed by licensed private companies which have a contract with Fraport Greece A, according to the provisions of the legislation in force.
- 4. The total quantities of the produced waste by category resulting from all activities of the airport, the collectors and final recipients, are recorded by Fraport Greece A and submitted in the Electronic Waste Registry of the Ministry for Environment and Energy via the Annual Waste Producer Report according to the provisions of the legislation in force



### 6. ECOSYSTEM AROUND THE AIRORT

### 6.1. Flora-Fauna

Flora	
Are there protected zones of vegetation/habitats in the broader airport area?	YES
(if YES) Short description: Kefallinia airport is located outside protected areas as per L. 3937/2011. However, its south part is adjacent to the coastal Special Area of Conservation (SAC) GR2220004 "Coastal marine zone from Argostoli to Vlachata (Kefalonia) and Mounda bay" of the Natura 2000 network.	
Fauna	
Are there protected species of fauna/birds in the broader airport area?	YES
(if YES) Short description: Kefallinia airport is adjacent to the coastal Special Area of Conservation (SAC) GR2220004 "Coastal marine zone from Argostoli to Vlachata (Kefalonia) and Mounda bay" of the Natura 2000 network, where individuals of monk seal, of a dolphin species and of the Caretta caretta turtle are found.	

### 6.2. Ecologically fragile areas

Kefallinia airport is adjacent to the coastal Special Area of Conservation (SAC) GR2220004 "Coastal marine zone from Argostoli to Vlachata (Kefalonia) and Mounda bay" of the Natura 2000 network.



### 7. WILDLIFE HAZARD MANAGEMENT

Wildlife strikes and wildlife hazard management measures			
Wildlife species that suffered a strike Strikes (%)			
Circus pygargus (Montagu's harrier)	29%		
Hirundo rustica (Barn swallow)	29%		
Athene noctua (Little owl)	14%		
Falco tunninculus (Common kestrel)	14%		
Motacilla alba (White wagtail)	14%		

### Wildlife strike risk mitigation measures:

- Drainage ditches are regularly monitored and when necessary cleaned, to ensure efficient water run-off and, thus, reducing the attractiveness of the airside to the wildlife
- Regular grass cutting at the airside
- Fence maintenance
- Systematic monitoring of bird species populations and their habitat on and off-airport (at a distance of 13km from the airport).
- Seminar awareness video on the identification, conservation and safe relocation of reptiles (snakes), under the collaboration with the Lalitsa Non-Profit Association
- · Awareness video on the safe handling and relocation of stray dogs

#### Reference year summary results:

The Hellenic Civil Aviation Authority (Section D3/B, Wildlife Strike Risk Prevention Office) receives annual reports referring to the risk assessment of the wildlife hazard as well as to the wildlife hazard management at the 12 regional airports operating by Fraport Greece. Aktion Airport and Chania Airport "loannis Daskalogiannis" are excluded, in accordance with the Concession Agreement, Annex 20, paragraph 6.3.3 & 6.3.4.



### 8. CULTURAL HERITAGE

Have new cultural heritage properties been discovered during the reporting period?	NO
(if YES) Details provided in the table below:	

Location	Date of discovery	Type of discovery	Additional protection measures taken



### 9. RESOURCES CONSUMPTION

### 9.1. Energy consumption

Energy consumption (monthly electric energy consumption, in Kwh)	
Total annual electric energy consumption (in Kwh)	1,402,076

### 9.2. Fuel consumption

Fuel consumption		
Number of FG vehicles at the airport 8		
Number of firefighting vehicles at the airport	3	
Total annual fuel consumption	Diesel (It)	9,364
	Unleaded gasoline (It)	176

### 9.3. Heating oil or natural gas consumption

Heating oil or natural gas consumption	
Total annual heating oil consumption (It)	_*
Total annual heating natural gas consumption (m³)	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>Heating and air conditioning is performed via heat pumps

### 9.4. Water consumption

Water consumption	
Total annual consumption (m³)	2,032*

<sup>\*</sup>Estimation



### 10. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS & CARBON FOOTPRINT

Greenhouse gas emissions that were included in the carbon footprint calculation are the CO2 emissions included in scope 1 & 2 of the GHG protocol:

- Scope 1: Direct GHG emissions that occur from sources that are owned and/or controlled by the airport,
- Scope 2: Indirect GHG emissions from the generation of purchased electricity, steam, heat or cooling consumed by the airport.

Source Flows	Total CO₂ Emissions (t) 2020
Direct emissions form heating fuel (scope 1)	0,0
Direct emissions from fuel used for fleet vehicles (scope 1)	10.3
Direct emissions from fuel used for firefighting vehicles (scope 1)	15.1
Direct emissions from fuel used for generators (scope 1)	10.7
Indirect emissions from refrigerants (scope 1)	-
Indirect emissions from electricity consumption (scope 2)	873.5
Total (t)	909.6
Kg CO <sub>2</sub> /passenger	4.73

### **Notes:**

Fraport Greece A is committed to the monitoring, management and reduction of its airports carbon footprint. In order for this target to be achieved:

- Direct and indirect carbon emissions from all the emission sources in the airports' boundaries are calculated and reported, based on the GHG Protocol (scope 1 & 2)
- The airport was certified during the reference year according to ACA (Airport Carbon Accreditation)



### 11. HUMAN COMSUMPTION WATER MONITORING PROGRAM

Human consumption water quality	
Water supply (public water network or airport's boreholes)	Municipal Water & Sewage Company (DEYA) of Kefallinia
Is sampling of the airport's water network performed?	YES
(if YES) Sampling frequency:	Quarterly

**Summary of results:** The results of the microbiological and chemical analyses show that the parameters analyzed as regards the airport's water network are <u>within the legislative limits</u> defined by the Ministerial Decision Γ1 (δ)/ΓΠ οικ. 67322/ GG 3282 B/19-9-2017 regarding the quality of human consumption water.



### 12. RAINWATER

RAINWATER (collection, treatment disposal and recipient)		
Area	Collection/treatment/disposal	
Apron and manoeuvring area Collected in drainage ditches leading to the sea		YES
Other runoffs (runway etc.) Collected in drainage ditches leading to the sea		YES
Treatment of rainwater by oil-separator		NO

Rainwater quality	
Is sampling of the airport's rainwater performed?	YES
(if YES) Sampling frequency:	Yearly

**Parameters analyzed:** pH, conductivity,TSS, DO, NO<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, Oil & grease, BOD, COD, Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH), PAHs, BTEX, Heavy metals,PCBs, Detergents

### Summary of results:

Surface rainwater quality is monitored according to the airport's monitoring program. Due to the absence of designated recipients and relevant national quality limits for surface rainwater, the Environmental Health & Safety Guidelines of the International Finance Corporation (IFC) are adopted. According to FG's analyses results and based on the abovementioned specifications, the airport's rainwater environmental condition is adequate and no further treatment measure is necessary.



### 13. GROUNDWATER AND/OR SOIL AND/OR SOIL GAS MONITORING

Groundwater and/or soil and/or soil gas quality	
Is sampling of the airport's groundwater and/or soil and/or soil gas performed?	YES
(if YES) Sampling frequency:	According to the Environmental Terms
Parameters analyzed: TPH, BTEX, MTBE (groundwater) & volatile hydrocarbons, aliphatic, aromatic and chlorinated (soil gas)	

### Summary of results:

Groundwater quality is monitored according to the airport's monitoring program. In addition, the fuel handling companies monitor the quality of groundwater according to the environmental terms. According to the environmental monitoring reports of the fuel handlers, and based on the New Dutch List (20013) which is adopted in the absence of relevant national specifications/limits, the environmental condition of the ground water & soil gas is found adequate and no decontamination measures are necessary. Regarding soil gas the Directive of the Munich Environmental Protection Department in force by 10.02.1998, which is the most widely accepted, is adopted as a basis for comparison.

<sup>\*</sup> During the reference year and due to the low level of the groundwater aquifer it was not possible for samples to be collected from the boreholes managed by Fraport Greece. The results indicated above refer to the samplings performed by the Fuel Handlers



### 14. SEWAGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL

Sewage	
Sewage network to the municipal waste water treatment plant (WWTP)	NO
Autonomous airport's waste water treatment plant (WWTP)	YES*

### Blue water

### Collection and disposal:

Collection in watertight tank and disposal to the municipal sewage network.

Waste water treatment plant description (where applicable)  Description of characteristics and condition of the airport's WWTP including possible problems. Type and frequency of the effluent quality measurements.		
Degree of treatment of airport's WWTP	Tertiary treatment & chlorination	
Treatment method	Membrane bioreactors	
Disposal of treated wastewater	Reuse via an aquifer recharge field with the method of soil infiltration	
Sludge disposal	Landfill	
Sampling frequency of WWTP effluent	According to Table 3 of the Annex of JMD 145116/2001	
Parameters analyzed	BOD5, SS, TN,TP, T. Coliforms, Turbidity, NH <sub>4</sub> , pH, residual Cl <sub>2</sub>	
Summary of quality of WWTP effluent	Limits for aquifer recharge as set in Table 3 of the Annex of JMD 145116/2001 according to the Environmental Terms Approval Decision no. 85360/3423/07.03.2019	

<sup>\*</sup>The data above refer to the new WWTP constructed in the context of the Imminent Works during the reference year. The old WWTP ceased its operation in February 2020 and sewage was transported since then to the local municipal WWTP with the use of tank trucks. Since December 2020, sewage was also transported to the local WWTP via tank trucks due to the fact that the incoming sewage load was not sufficient in order for the installation to achieve the effluent limits for reuse.